

## TENSES (видовременные формы)

### FORMS:

V -Infinitive (V<sub>0</sub>)

V<sub>2, 3</sub> = V + ed (regular); irregular

Look – looked, looked

Begin – began – begun

V<sub>4</sub> = V + ing

V<sub>1</sub> – настоящее (3 л. Ед.ч. –s, es) am, is, are; have – has; do – does; go - goes

V<sub>2</sub> – прошедшее

(Shall), will – будущее (will go)

### 4 ВИДОВРЕМЕННЫЕ группы

**1. SIMPLE (INDEFINITE) простые – постоянное действие, факт**  
**We have lectures on Thursdays.**

**Every day, often, usually, rarely, always, ...**

**2. CONTINUOUS (PROGRESSIVE) продолженные – незавершенность, процесс в определенный момент**  
**We are having an English lecture now.**

At that moment, when, while ...

**3. PERFECT - совершенные, завершенные –**  
**1) завершенность к определенному моменту**  
**We have already written some sentences.**

Already, just, lately, yet, by 5 o'clock ...

**2) долгота действия**

Since, for

**4. PERFECT CONTINUOUS - совершенные продолженные – как долго длится процесс**

We have been working since 11 o'clock.

Since, for, all this week ...

## SIMPLE TENSES

	Active		Passive
present	Am Is are	+ V1(s) -,? do,does+V0	Am Is+ V3 are
past	Was were	+ V2 -, ? did+V0	was + V3 were
future	will + V0		Will be V3

## CONTINUOUS TENSES (BE + Ving)

	Active	Passive
present	am is + Ving are	Am Is + being + V3 are
past	Was + Ving were	Was + being + V3 were
future	Will + be + Ving	_____

## PERFECT (have + V3)

	Active	Passive
present	Have + V3 has	Have + been + V3 has
past	Had + V3	Had + been + V3
future	Will + have + V3	Will + have + been + V3

## PERFECT CONTINUOUS (have been Ving)

	Active	Passive
present	Have + been + V4 has	-----
past	Had + been + V4	-----
future	Will + have + been + V4	-----

Особенности:

I. Будущее запланированное

1. be going to

I am going to visit them.

2. Present Continuous

He is taking an exam in June.

3. Present Simple

The plane leaves at 11.

II. Present Continuous – always, constantly etc. – негативное отношение

He is always losing his keys.

III. не используются в Continuous

Be, like, love, hate, want, need, prefer, know, realize, suppose, mean, understand, believe, remember, belong, fit, contain, consist, seem, see, hear, smell, taste.

I remember these verbs.

## MODAL VERBS

1. You may go.

2. He has to work.

3. He must be there. 3 л. ед. ч. без –s

Cannot – can't

Must not - mustn't

Should not – shouldn't

ought not to – oughtn't to

I. PERMISSION

1. may (might)

You may go.

2. be allowed to

3. be permitted to

4. be prohibited to

It is allowed to park.

II. ABILITY

1. **can (could)**

I can jump. I could run fast when I was a child.

2. be able to

He was able to do the task.

III. OBLIGATION

1. **must**

I must go now.

2. **have to**

Did you have to get up early?

--, ? do, does, did + have to

3. **needn't**

You needn't go shopping today.

4. **should, ought to**

You should go to the doctor.

had better (not)

You had better not be late.

IV. PROBABILITY

1. 95% must

It must be cold.

2. < 50% may, could, might

They could be at home.

3. 0% cannot, couldn't

It couldn't be true.